## WHANANAKI SCHOOL



## **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

**School Directory** 

**Ministry Number:** 

1127

Principal:

Shaun Tepania

School Address:

2168 Whananaki North Road, Whananaki, New Zealand

**School Postal Address:** 

Counter Delivery, Whananaki Postcentre, Whananaki 0536

**School Phone:** 

(09) 433-8231

**School Email:** 

office@whananaki.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

SchoolOffice

#### Members of the Board:

Name	ne Position How Position Gained		Term Expired/ Expires
Jodi Hauraki	Chair Person	Elected	Sept-25
Shaun Tepania	Principal ex Officio	Appointed	
Natasha Hawira	Parent Rep	Elected	Sept-25
Martin Edge	Parent Rep	Elected	Sept-25
Janice Mander	Parent Rep	Elected	Sept-25
Charles Waetford	Parent Rep	Elected	Sept-25
Ben Douglas	Staff Rep	Elected	Sept-25

Auditor:

UHY Haines Norton (Auckland) Ltd

## WHANANAKI SCHOOL

### Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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### Whananaki School

## **Statement of Responsibility**

### For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Principal
118,-
Signature of Principal
5/6/28 Date:

## Whananaki School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
		\$	\$	\$\$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2 3	866,336	386,496	818,968
Locally Raised Funds	3	49,942	32,145	61,316
Interest		8,150	2,500	3,505
Total Revenue	-	924,428	421,141	883,789
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	16,220	16,300	17,448
Learning Resources	4	600,048	151,740	536,945
Administration	5	63,699	82,030	76,945
Interest		711	-	1,023
Property	6	231,026	204,900	232,126
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		118	•	80
Total Expense	-	911,822	454,970	864,567
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		12,606	(33,829)	19,222
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Yea	r	12,606	(33,829)	19,222

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

## Whananaki School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	_	396,131	396,131	371,883
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		12,606 -	(33,829)	19,222 5,026
Equity at 31 December	/. <del>-</del>	408,737	362,302	396,131
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		408,737	362,302	396,131
Equity at 31 December	8 <del>-</del>	408,737	362,302	396,131

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

## Whananaki School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual \$
	110000	\$	(Unaudited) \$	
Current Assets				•
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	101,041	64,953	117,922
Accounts Receivable	8	29,074	34,668	34,668
GST Receivable	•	833	-	
		1.985	220	220
Prepayments Inventories	9	186	218	218
	10	81,502	20,426	20,426
Investments Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	20,017	-	10,102
Tallad (1000) Tallad (1010) Capital Tallad (1010)	_			
		234,638	120,485	183,556
Current Liabilities		-	15,791	15,791
GST Payable	12	91,398	50,350	50,350
Accounts Payable Revenue Received in Advance	13	5,000	6,000	6,000
	14	6,301	4,572	4,572
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	4,522	4,522	5,402
Finance Lease Liability Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	16,222	-,022	23,840
Fullus field for Capital Works Flojecto	_			
		123,443	81,235	105,955
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		111,195	39,250	77,601
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11 _	304,838	329,058	329,058
		304,838	329,058	329,058
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	6,731	5,441	5,441
Finance Lease Liability	15	565	565	5,087
	-	7,296	6,006	10,528
Net Assets	-	408,737	362,302	396,131
Equity	_	408,737	362,302	396,131
	The state of the s			

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

## Whananaki School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Note	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		389,994	217,006	271,635
Locally Raised Funds		46,438	31,991	87,162
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(16,621)	8,791	8,791
Payments to Employees		(212,793)	(104,589)	(146,973)
Payments to Suppliers		(134,808)	(152,316)	(128,122)
Interest Paid		(711)	-	(1,023)
Interest Received		8,040	2,421	3,426
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		79,539	3,304	94,896
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(12,409)	(29,776)	(63,385)
Purchase of Investments		(61,076)	(20,426)	(15,374)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	Š	(73,485)	(50,202)	(78,759)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant			-	5,026
Finance Lease Payments		(5,402)	(6,071)	(2,575)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		(17,533)	-	65,438
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(22,935)	(6,071)	67,889
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(16,881)	(52,969)	84,026
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	117,922	117,922	33,896
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	101,041	64,953	117,922

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# Whananaki School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### a) Reporting Entity

Whananaki School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

#### b) Basis of Preparation

#### Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

#### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

#### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21.

#### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### c) Revenue Recognition

#### Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

#### Interest Revenue

interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

#### d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements Furniture and equipment

Information and communication technology

Plant and Equipment

Musical Instruments Sports Equipment

Sports Equipment Intangible Assets

Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease

Library Resources

5-40 years 10-15 years 4-5 years 10 years 5 years 5-10 years 3 years Term of Lease

12.5% Diminishing value

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

#### k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### I) Employee Entitlements

#### Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

#### m) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

#### n) Funds held for Capital works

The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### o) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

#### p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

#### q) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### r) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

#### s) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### t) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

#### u) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	282,156	171,986	214,947
Teachers' Salaries Grants	328,747	-	366,314
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	195,019	164,510	187,019
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	60,414	50,000	50,688
The ora, the time troubly control and the control of the control o			
	866,336	386,496	818,968
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations and Bequests	15,827	•	26,393
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	14,657	15,075	10,993
Fundraising and Community Grants	5,920	7,000	7,231
Other Revenue	13,538	10,070	16,699
	49,942	32,145	61,316
Expense	4,700	6,300	6,033
Extra Curricular Activities Costs Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	5,158	5,000	4,987
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	6,362	5,000	6,428
Other Educaty Funded Funde Experiences			
	16,220	16,300	17,448
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds	33,722	15,845	43,868
-upper (- street) to the property of			
4. Learning Resources	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	Actual	(Unaudited)	
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	31,901	48,650	38,308
Information and Communication Technology	1,357	2,700	683
Employee Benefits - Salaries	523,612	83,690	456,975
Staff Development	4,191	10,000	2,602
Depresiation	36 510	-	33,529

Depreciation

Other Learning Resources

6,700

151,740

36,510

2,477

600,048

33,529

4,848

5. Administration	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	6,724	5,700	5,729
Board Fees and Expenses	2,497	3,600	3,870
Operating Leases	-	3,090	
Other Administration Expenses	5,241	5,640	5,108
Employee Benefits - Salaries	5,955	5,200	5,304
Insurance	443	500	522
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	4,872	4,600	4,608
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	37,967	53,700	51,804
	63,699	82,030	76,945
6. Property	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cyclical Maintenance	3,019	5,000	2,699
Heat, Light and Water	4,501	3,890	3,904
Repairs and Maintenance	5,902	5,900	5,958
Use of Land and Buildings	195,019	164,510	187,019
Employee Benefits - Salaries	13,263	14,100	14,129

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

Other Property Expenses

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	101,041	64,953	117,922
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	101,041	64,953	117,922

Of the \$101,041 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$16,222 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings and include retentions on the projects, if applicable. The funds are required to be spent in 2025 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$101,041 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$5,000 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to conditions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these conditions are not met, the funds will need to be returned.

11,500

204,900

9,322

231.026

18,417

8. Accounts Receivable	2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
		(Unaudited)	•
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	3,799		295
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	2,140		106
Interest Receivable	216		34,267
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	22,919	34,267	34,207
	29,074	34,668	34,668
	=======================================		
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	4,015	401	401
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	25,059		34,267
	29,074	34,668	34,668
9. Inventories	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	186		218
	186	218	218
10. investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	81,502	20,426	20,426
Total Investments	81,502	20,426	20,426

#### 11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	95,000	-	-	-	-	95,000
Building Improvements	97,045	-	-	-	(4,215)	92,830
Furniture and Equipment	5,180	-	-	-	(546)	4,634
Information and Communication Technology	9,364	7,127	-	_	(7,598)	8,893
Motor Vehicles	4,350	-	-	-	(449)	3,901
Plant and Equipment	49,051	4,123	-	-	(8,391)	44,783
Sports Equipment	53,255	-	_	-	(9,249)	44,006
Leased Assets	9,193	_	-	-	(5,104)	4,089
Library Resources	6,620	1,158	(118)	-	(958)	6,702
	329,058	12,408	(118)		(36,510)	304,838

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$4,514 (2023: \$9,193)

#### Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024	2024	2024	2023	2023	2023
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	95,000	•	95,000	95,000	-	95,000
Building Improvements	189,307	(96,476)	92,830	189,307	(92,262)	97,045
Furniture and Equipment	13,964	(9,330)	4,634	13,964	(8,784)	5,180
Information and Communication Technology	69,871	(60,979)	8,893	62,744	(53,380)	9,364
Motor Vehicles	4,500	(599)	3,901	4,500	(150)	4,350
Plant and Equipment	116,680	(71,897)	44,783	112,558	(63,507)	49,051
Sports Equipment	76,586	(32,579)	44,006	76,586	(23,331)	53,255
Musical Instruments	1,259	(1,259)	-	1,259	(1,259)	-
Leased Assets	20,513	(16,424)	4,089	20,513	(11,320)	9,193
Library Resources	41,501	(34,799)	6,702	41,075	(34,455)	6,620
	629,181	(324,342)	304,838	617,506	(288,448)	329,058

Creditors Accruals Banking Staffing Overuse Employee Entitlements - Salaries Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	2024 Actual \$ 1,919 7,733 55,028 22,885 3,833	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 2,522 6,588 4,464 32,709 4,067	2023 Actual \$ 2,522 6,588 4,464 32,709 4,067
	91,398	50,350	50,350
Payables for Exchange Transactions Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates) Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	91,398 - -	50,350 - -	50,350 - -
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	91,398	50,350	50,350
13. Revenue Received in Advance	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000 6,000
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Use of the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments	\$ 10,013 3,019 - -	\$ 7,314 (7,314) 10,013	\$ 7,314 2,699 - -
Provision at the End of the Year  Cyclical Maintenance - Current  Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	13,032 6,301 6,731	10,013 4,572 5,441	10,013 4,572 5,441

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the School is next expected to undertake painting works during 2025. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan.

13,032

10,013

#### 15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	4,737	4,737	6,113
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	583	583	5,320
Future Finance Charges	(233)	(233)	(944)
	5,087	5,087	10,489
Represented by	V		
Finance lease liability - Current	4,522	4,522	5,402
Finance lease liability - Non current	565	565	5,087
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5;087	5,087	10,489

#### 16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

2024	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Covered Way 2,7 Roof Replacement & Repairs-245307	(716)	64,305	(70,067)	-	(6,478)
Deck, Stairs, Window Replacement, Master Key	(1,237)	102,384	(101,982)	-	(835)
Installation - 245309					
Toilet Upgrade - 245306	23,840	195,850	(232,394)	-	(12,704)
Electrical - 245308	-	35,631	(19,409)	-	16,222
Totals	13,738	406,319	(423,852)		(3,795)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education 16,222 (20,017)

Block A Junior College Refurbishment costs exceeded Ministry funding, and therefore, the Board provided \$X of funding to complete and

2023	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
SIP Path & Bike Track - 221574	(48,532)	-	(4,491)	48,042	(4,981)
Solar Panels - 221647	(3,168)	-	-	-	(3,168)
Covered Way 2,7 Roof Replacement & Repairs-245307	-	-	(716)	-	(716)
Deck, Stairs, Window Replacement, Master Key Installation - 245309	-	-	(1,237)	-	(1,237)
Toilet Upgrade - 245306	-	24,481	(641)	-	23,840
Cyclone Work - 243805	-	6,580	(6,580)	-	-
Totals	(51,700)	31,061	(13,665)	48,042	13,738

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education 23,840 (10,102)

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

#### 18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	815	2,415
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	130,851 1.00	133,054 1.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	131,666	135,469

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 5 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (6 members) and Property (6 members) committees that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

#### Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

8	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	130-140	130-140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	3-4	3-4
Termination Benefits	-	-

#### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000 100 - 110	2024 FTE Number 0	2023 FTE Number 0
110 - 120	0	0
	0.00	0.00

2024

2023

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

#### 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024	2023
	Actual	Actual
Total	<b>\$0</b>	\$0
Number of People	nil	nii

#### 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023; nil).

#### Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

#### Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

#### 21. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had capital commitments of \$15,591 (2023:\$357,407) as a result of entering the following contracts:

Contract Name	Commitment
	\$
Electrical - 245308 Total	15,591 15,591

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 16.

As at 31 December 2024, the Board has no operating commitments

2024 Capital

#### 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	101,041	64,953	117,922
Receivables	29,074	34,668	34,668
Investments - Term Deposits	81,502	20,426	20,426
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	211,617	120,047	173,016
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	91,398	50,350	50,350
Finance Leases	5,087	5,087	10,489
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	96,485	55,437	60,839

#### 23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.